# STATUS OF LEVEL 2 RETRIEVALS

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**AIRS TEAM MEETING** 

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### LATEST TEAM EXERCISE

RETRIEVALS FOR UNBIASED RADIANCES SIMILAR TO BEFORE

MOST RETRIEVALS REJECTED OVER NORTH AMERICA, EURASIA

RESULT OF MITCH'S REJECTION FOR "SCORE" GREATER THAN 1.5

NO SUCCESSFUL RETRIEVALS FOR BIASED RADIANCES

FIRST PRODUCT NEVER DONE

TWO POSSIBLE REASONS

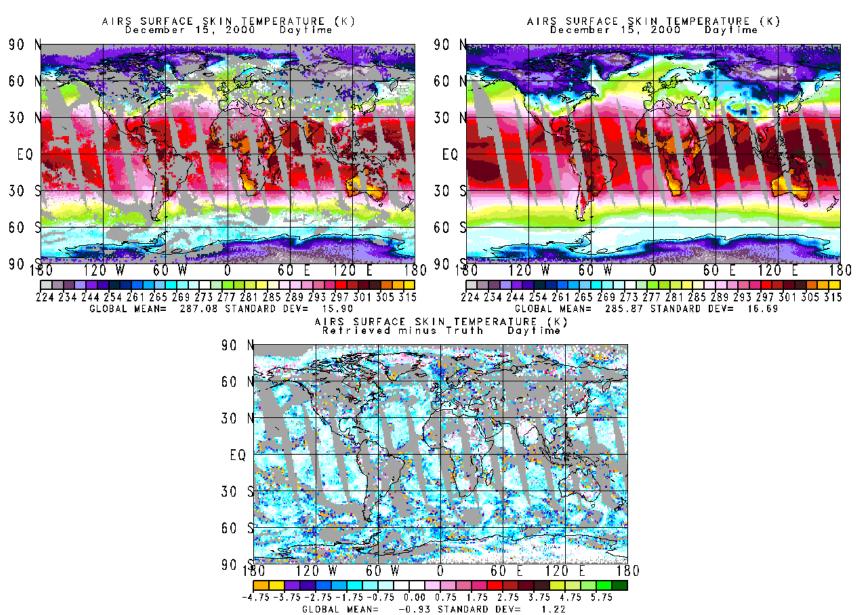
- 1) FIRST CLOUD CLEARED RADIANCES DON'T MATCH RADIANCES COMPUTED FROM MICROWAVE PRODUCT
- 2) MITCH'S PRINCIPAL COMPONENTS DO NOT PREDICT OBSERVATIONS WELL ENOUGH

MOST LIKELY BOTH ARE CAUSING PROBLEMS

1) CAN BE FIXED BY USING TUNED COMPUTATIONS

RESULT IS PUZZLING BECAUSE WE DO NOT EXPECT REJECTIONS IF BIASES ARE CORRELATED WITH HEIGHT AND REASONABLY SMALL

#### June 2001 Exercise Unbiased Radiances



# INDETERMINATE CLOUD CASES

IF THERE ARE CLOUDS AT TWO LEVELS WITH CLOUD FRACTIONS  $\alpha_{JK}^{\phantom{\dagger}}$  IN SPOT K

**AND** 

$$\alpha_{2K} = A_0 + B\alpha_{1K}$$

THEN CLOUD LAYER TWO CANNOT BE DETERMINED FROM THE RADIANCES

 $A_0 = 0$  IS A SPECIAL CASE OF A SINGLE CLOUD FORMATION

SPECIAL EXAMPLE

IF CLOUD LAYER 2 IS OVERCAST, AS SEEN FROM ABOVE

$$\alpha_{2K} = 1 - \alpha_{1K}$$
  $A_0 = 1, B = -1$ 

THE CLOSER CLOUD LAYER 2 IS TO BEING OVERCAST, THE MORE LIKELY IS THE CASE NEARLY INDETERMINATE

### CURRENT JPL CLOUD SIMULATION

USES MEAN CLOUD FRACTIONS  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2$  GENERATED FROM MODEL

$$\alpha_{1K} = \alpha_1 + RANDOM COMPONENT$$

$$\alpha_{2K} = (1 - \alpha_{1K})\alpha_2 + \text{RANDOM COMPONENT (SMALL)}$$

$$A_0 \approx \alpha_2 \quad B \approx -\alpha_2$$

STANDARD DEVIATION OF  $\alpha_{2K}$  –  $\left[\alpha_2 - \alpha_2 \, \alpha_{1K} \, \right]$  is small

PROBLEM IS NEARLY ILL CONDITIONED

RETRIEVAL RESULTS WILL BE BIASED COLD - SECOND CLOUD FORMATION UNDERDETERMINED

THE LARGER  $\mathbf{A}_0$  , the worse the problem - more second cloud layer is missed

# FACTORS IN CURRENT REJECTION CRITERION

USES RETRIEVED CLOUD FRACTIONS  $\alpha_{1K}$ ,  $\alpha_{2K}$ 

FIT  $\alpha_{2K}$  as a straight line against  $\alpha_{1K}$ 

$$\alpha_{2K} = A_0 + B\alpha_{1K}$$

 $\chi^2 = \text{QUALITY OF THE FIT}$ 

$$\chi^{2} = \sum_{K=1}^{9} \left[ \frac{\left(\alpha_{2K} - \left(A_{0} + B\alpha_{1K}\right)\right)^{2}}{7} \right]$$

rejection criterion uses  $\chi^2$ ,  $\mathbf{A}_0$ , and noise amplification factor a

## NOISE AMPLIFICATION FACTOR A

$$\hat{R}_{i} = \overline{R}_{i} + \sum_{k=1}^{9} \eta_{k} \left( \overline{R}_{i} - R_{i,k} \right)$$

$$\overline{R}_{i} = \frac{\sum R_{i,k}}{9}$$

RANDOM NOISE ON  $\hat{R}_i$ =A TIMES RANDOM NOISE ON  $R_{i,k}$ 

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ \Sigma \\ k = 1 \end{bmatrix} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( 1 + \sum_{k'=1}^{9} \eta_{k'} \right) - \eta_k \right)^2$$

$$A = 1/3 \text{ IF ALL } \eta_k = 0$$

A  $\approx \left[ \Sigma \, \eta_k^{\ 2} \right]^{1/2}$  For large  $\eta_k^{\ }$  because first term tends to be small

THE LARGER A, THE MORE CLOUD CLEARING HAS TO BE DONE

A CLOSELY MATCHES MITCH GOLDBERG'S "SCORE"

# ADDITION TO REJECTION CRITERIA

#### **REJECT IF**

- A)  $\chi^2 < 15 \text{AND A}_0 > 2 \text{ AND A} > 1$ OR
- B)  $\chi^2 < 10 \text{ANDA}_0 > 5$ OR
- C) A > 2.0

LAST TEST IS ONLY INDIRECTLY RELATED TO NEARLY INDETERMINATE CASES NEAR INDETERMINATE CASES TEND TO HAVE LARGE  $\eta^\prime\, s$ 

CURRENT JPL TEAM ALGORITHM REJECTS REGRESSION STEP IF "SCORE" (≈ A) > 1.5

THIS REJECTS A LARGE NUMBER OF CASES

I RECOMMEND LEAVING OUT "SCORE" TEST

#### THINGS TO DO BEFORE LAUNCH

FURTHER OPTIMIZATION OF REJECTION CRITERIA
RECOGNIZE CASES WHERE REGRESSION IS POOR

IMPROVE WATER VAPOR RETRIEVALS

THEY HAVE DEGRADED SERIOUSLY SINCE MORE CLOUD LIQUID WATER WAS ADDED TO THE SIMULATION IN FEBRUARY

PRODUCE CLOUDS, OLR IN CASES WHERE MICROWAVE RETRIEVAL IS REJECTED NEEDS PLUMBING FROM JPL

CURRENTLY, SUBSEQUENT STEPS ARE BYPASSED

RECONCILE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN JPL SYSTEM AND GSFC SYSTEM
MAKE ALGORITHM ACCOMMODATE FEWER THAN 9 AIRS (OR HSB) SPOTS
MAKE ALGORITHM ACCOMMODATE MISSING CHANNELS GRACEFULLY

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